

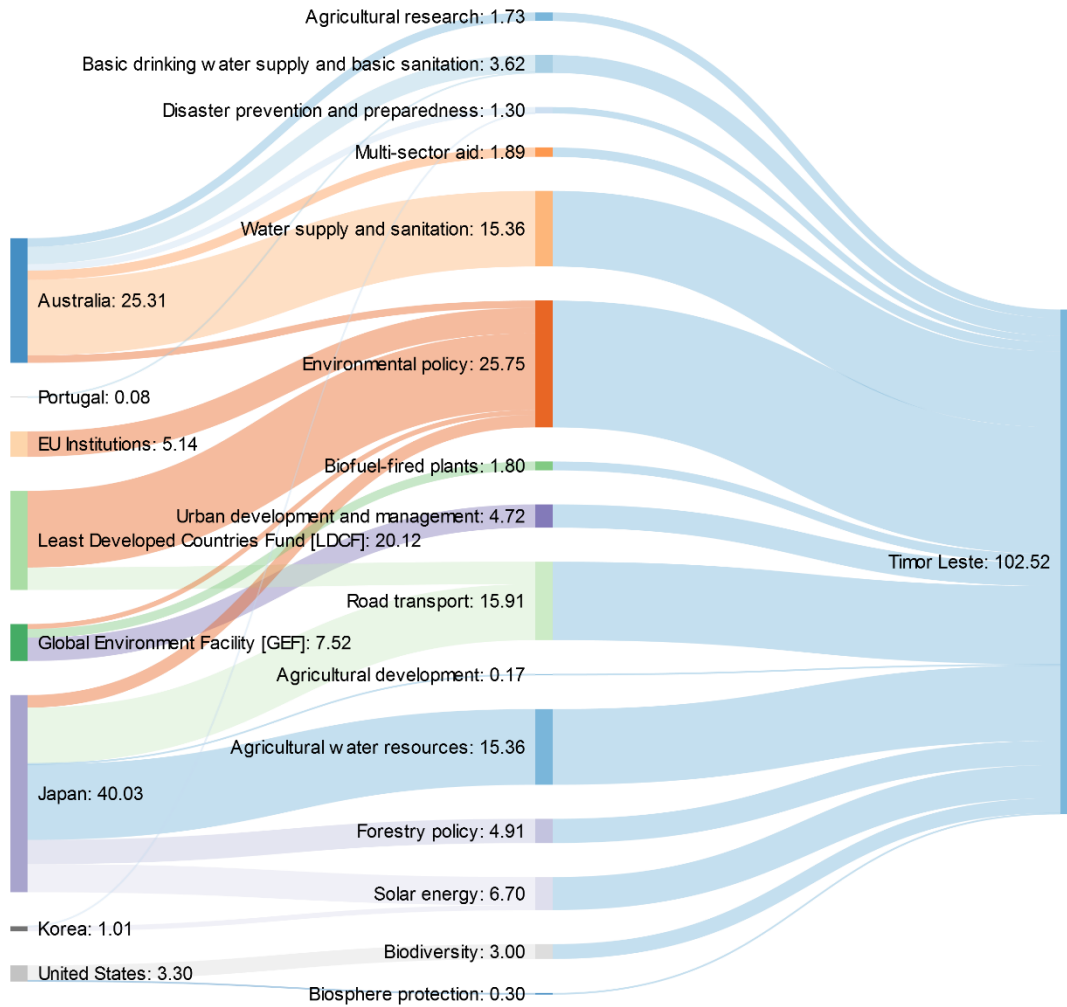
A.12 Timor Leste

In 2010–2014, a total of **US\$102.5 million** in grant (or grant-equivalent) finance was allocated to Timor Leste for activities that principally targeted climate change objectives. An additional US\$128.5 million in ODA that targeted other objectives was reported as having co-benefits for climate change objectives (i.e. climate change was tagged as a “significant” policy objective).

Of the US\$102.5 million specifically targeting climate change objectives, 29.8% (US\$30.6 million) supported mitigation activities, 68.3% (US\$70.1 million) was for adaptation, and 1.8% (US\$1.2 million) targeted both objectives simultaneously.

The largest single sources of climate finance for Timor Leste were Japan, Australia and the Least Developed Countries Fund. Japan has mainly financed irrigation projects, Australia has supported water and sanitation, and Least Developed Countries Fund activities have mainly been coded as environmental policy. These are also the sectors that have received the largest overall allocations.

Figure A12: Sources of finance, sectoral distribution and policy objectives, Timor Leste (million US\$)



Source: OECD DAC Creditor Reporting System, contributions tagged against the Rio Marker where climate change was the primary objective.

Table A12 lists individual climate finance contributions to Timor Leste in 2010–2014; the title of the project/intervention is as listed in the CRS database.

Table A12: Climate finance commitments to Timor Leste, 2010–2014 (million US\$)

Source	Project/intervention title	Sector	Amount
Australia	Climate Change NGO Partnership with Oxfam Aust.	Agricultural research	1.73
Australia	Rural Water Supply and Sanitation	Basic drinking water supply and basic sanitation	3.54
Australia	Emergency capacity of NGOs and communities	Disaster prevention and preparedness	1.29
Australia	PACCSAP in East Timor	Environmental policy	1.11
Australia	Small Island Developing States Community-based Adaptation Program	Environmental policy	0.07
Australia	Support for Coral Triangle Initiative – Second Phase	Environmental policy	0.32
Australia	Community-based Climate Change Action Grants	Multi-sector aid	1.89
Australia	Be'e Saneamentu no Ijiene iha Komuidade (BESIK) II – Program Costs	Water supply and sanitation – large systems	6.88
Australia	Be'e Saneamentu no Ijiene iha Komuidade (BESIK): Administered Program Support	Water supply and sanitation – large systems	7.25
Australia	BESIK II – Program Costs	Water supply and sanitation – large systems	1.23
EU Institutions	Global Climate Change Alliance Support Programme to Timor Leste	Environmental policy and admin. management	5.14
Global Environment Facility (GEF)	Promoting Sustainable Bio-energy Production from Biomass	Biofuel-fired power plants	1.80
GEF	Second Communication to the UNFCCC	Environmental policy	1.00
GEF	Strengthening the Resilience of Small Scale Rural Infrastructure and Local Government Systems to Climatic Variability and Risk	Urban development and management	4.72
Least Developed Countries Fund (LDCF)	Building Shoreline Resilience of Timor Leste to Protect Local Communities and their Livelihoods	Environmental policy	7.15
LDCF	Climate Proofing Development in the Pacific	Environmental policy	3.04
LDCF	Strengthening Community Resilience to Climate Induced Natural Disasters in the Dili to Ainaro Road Development Corridor, Timor Leste	Environmental policy	5.37
LDCF	Upscaling Climate-Proofing in the Transport Sector in Timor-Leste: Sector Wide Approaches	Road transport	4.56
Japan	Project for Improvement of livelihood for the farmers in mountainous areas	Agricultural development	0.17
Japan	The Project for Rehabilitation and Improvement of Buluto Irrigation Scheme	Agricultural water resources	15.36
Japan	TC aggregated activities	Energy generation-renewable	0.00
Japan	TC aggregated activities	Environmental policy	0.26
Japan	The Forest Preservation Programme	Environmental policy	2.28

Source	Project/intervention title	Sector	Amount
Japan	TC aggregated activities	Forestry policy	4.91
Japan	The Project of River Training for the Protection of Mola Bridge	Road transport	11.35
Japan	The Project for Introduction of Clean Energy by Solar Electricity Generation System	Solar energy	5.70
Korea	Climate Change and Disaster Prevention	Disaster prevention and preparedness	0.01
Korea	Environmental Protection Policy	Environmental policy	0.00
Korea	Sustainable power supply project through community-based self-supportive photovoltaic system	Solar energy	0.57
Korea	Sustainable power supply project through self photovoltaic system	Solar energy	0.44
Portugal	Cooperation between Águas de Portugal and Timor Leste in the water and sanitation sector.	Basic drinking water supply and basic sanitation	0.08
Spain	Own call of interest. Project. Bring clean, bright light to Atauro.	Solar energy	0.00
United States	Coral Triangle Support Partnership (CTSP) – Natural Resources and Biodiversity	Bio-diversity	2.00
United States	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) – Natural Resources and Biodiversity	Bio-diversity	0.60
United States	NOAA Participating Agency Program Agreement (PAPA) – Natural Resources and Biodiversity	Bio-diversity	0.40
United States	Coral Triangle Support Partnership (CTSP) – Clean Productive Environment	Biosphere protection	0.30
TOTAL			102.5