

## ANNEX: COUNTRY DATA ANALYSIS

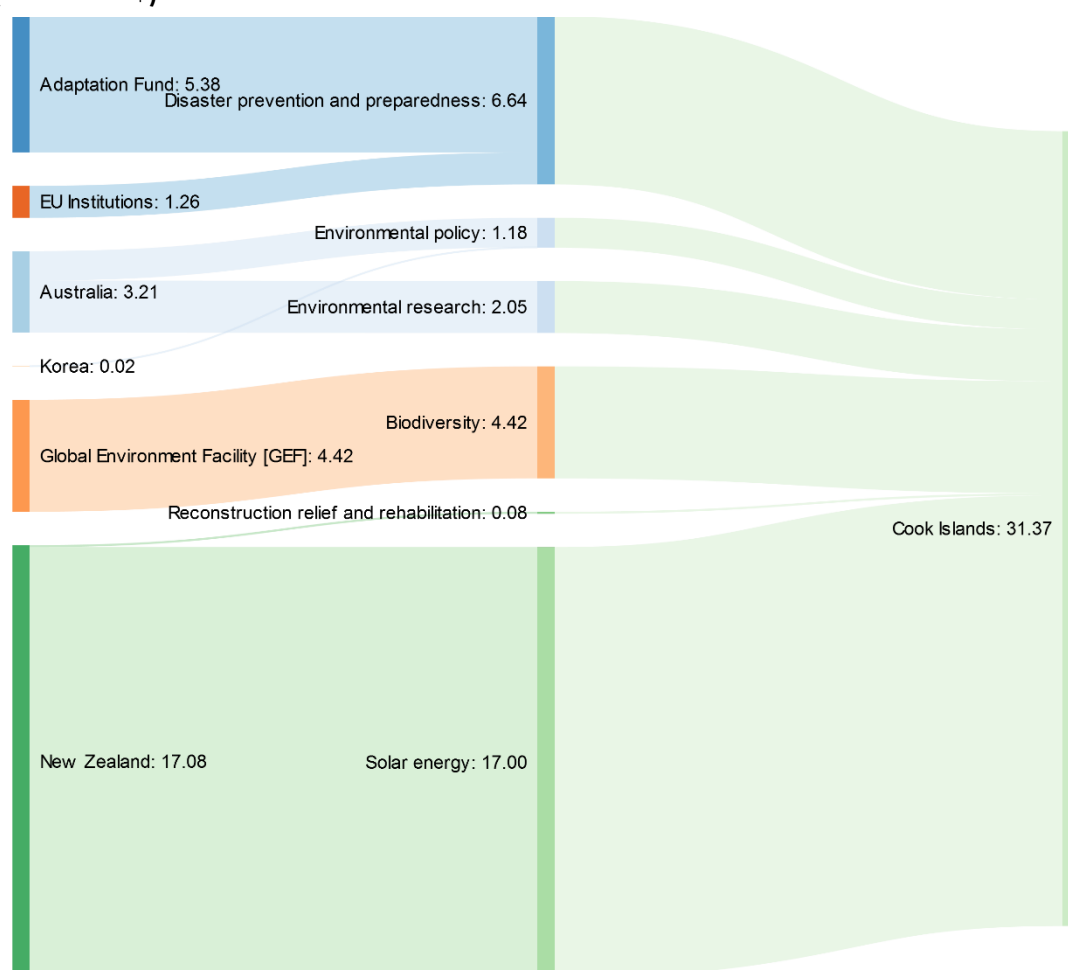
### A.1 Cook Islands

In 2010–2014, a total of **US\$31.4 million** in grant (or grant-equivalent) finance was allocated to the Cook Islands for activities that principally targeted climate change objectives. An additional US\$30 million in ODA that targeted other objectives was reported as having co-benefits for climate change objectives (i.e. climate change was tagged as a “significant” policy objective).

Of the US\$31.4 million specifically targeting climate change objectives, about 68% (US\$21.4 million) supported mitigation activities, about 32% (US\$9.9 million) was for adaptation and 0.1% (US\$0.03 million) targeted both objectives simultaneously.<sup>27</sup>

The largest single sources of climate finance for the Cook Islands were New Zealand, the Adaptation Fund and the Global Environment Facility (GEF). New Zealand has mainly financed solar energy projects, while the Adaptation Fund has focused mainly on disaster prevention and preparedness, and the GEF on biodiversity activities. These are also the sectors that have received the largest allocations overall.

**Figure A1: Sources of finance, sectoral distribution and policy objectives, Cook Islands (million US\$)**



Source: OECD DAC Creditor Reporting System, contributions tagged against the Rio Marker where climate change was the primary objective

<sup>27</sup> Totals here and in other annexes may not add up perfectly due to rounding.

In addition, data on multilateral climate fund activities show that between January 2015 and September 2016, US\$4.3 million has been allocated to Cook Islands: US\$150,000 from the Green Climate Fund, as part of its readiness programme support; and US\$4.13 million from the GEF for a renewable energy project.

Table A1 lists individual climate finance contributions to Cook Islands in 2010–2014; the title of the project/intervention is as listed in the CRS database.

**Table A1: Climate finance commitments to the Cook Islands, 2010–2014 (million US\$)**

Source	Project/Intervention title	Sector	Amount
<b>Adaptation Fund</b>	Resilience of Climate Change	Disaster prevention and preparedness	5.38
<b>Australia</b>	Pacific Adaptation to Climate Change Project	Environmental policy	1.03
<b>Australia</b>	Pacific Islands Climate Prediction Phase 2	Environmental policy	0.03
<b>Australia</b>	Secretariat of the Pacific Community Climate Change Activities	Environmental policy	0.03
<b>Australia</b>	Small Island Developing States Community-based Adaptation Program	Environmental policy	0.07
<b>Australia</b>	Climate and Oceans Support Program in the Pacific	Environmental research	0.64
<b>Australia</b>	Engagement of COSPPac Manager, January–June 2012	Environmental research	0.01
<b>Australia</b>	Initiative design	Environmental research	0.00
<b>Australia</b>	Pacific Australia CC Science & Adaptation Planning	Environmental research	1.40
<b>EU Institutions</b>	Building resilience to natural disasters	Disaster prevention and preparedness	1.26
<b>Global Environment Facility (GEF)</b>	R2R: Conserving Biodiversity and Enhancing Ecosystem Functions through a "Ridge to Reef" Approach	Bio-diversity	4.42
<b>Japan</b>	TC aggregated activities	Energy generation-renewable	0.00
<b>Japan</b>	TC aggregated activities	Public policy	0.00
<b>Korea</b>	PIF Special Training on Climate Change	Environmental policy	0.02
<b>New Zealand</b>	Cyclone Recovery Programme Technical Assistance	Reconstruction relief and rehabilitation	0.08
<b>New Zealand</b>	Renewable Energy (Northern Group)	Solar energy	17.00
<b>TOTAL</b>			<b>31.37</b>